61st Legislature HB0129



AN ACT CLARIFYING THAT POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS MAY ADOPT FEDERAL FLOOD PLAIN MAPS TO COMPLY WITH THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM; AMENDING SECTIONS 76-5-103 AND 76-5-201, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 76-5-103, MCA, is amended to read:

"76-5-103. Definitions. As used in parts 1 through 4 of this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, the following definitions apply:

- (1) "Artificial obstruction" means any obstruction that is not a natural obstruction and includes any dam, wall, riprap, embankment, levee, dike, pile, abutment, projection, revetment, excavation, channel rectification, bridge, conduit, culvert, building, refuse, automobile body, fill, or other analogous structure or matter in, along, across, or projecting into any flood plain or floodway that may impede, retard, or change the direction of the flow of water, either in itself or by catching or collecting debris carried by the water, or that is placed where the natural flow of the water would carry the same downstream to the damage or detriment of either life or property.
- (2) "Channel" means the geographical area within either the natural or artificial banks of a watercourse or drainway.
- (3) "Department" means the department of natural resources and conservation provided for in Title 2, chapter 15, part 33.
- (4) "Designated flood plain" means a flood plain whose limits have been designated and established by order of the department pursuant to part 2 of this chapter.
- (5) "Designated floodway" means a floodway whose limits have been designated and established by order of the department pursuant to part 2 of this chapter.
- (6) "Drainway" means any depression 2 feet or more below the surrounding land serving to give direction to a current of water less than 9 months of the year and having a bed and well-defined banks.
 - (7) "Establish" means construct, place, insert, or excavate.



- (8) "Flood" means the water of any watercourse or drainway that is above the bank or outside the channel and banks of the watercourse or drainway.
- (9) "Flood of 100-year frequency" means a flood magnitude expected to recur on the average of once every 100 years or a flood magnitude that has a 1% chance of occurring in any given year.
- (10) "Flood plain" means the area adjoining the watercourse or drainway that would be covered by the floodwater of a flood of 100-year frequency, except for sheetflood areas that receive less than 1 foot of water per occurrence and are considered "zone B" by the federal emergency management agency.
- (11) "Floodway" means the channel of a watercourse or drainway and those portions of the flood plain adjoining the channel that are reasonably required to carry and discharge the floodwater of any watercourse or drainway.
- (12) "Natural obstruction" means any rock, tree, gravel, or analogous natural matter that is an obstruction and has been located within the flood plain or floodway by a nonhuman cause.
 - (13) "Owner" means any person who has dominion over, control of, or title to an obstruction.
- (14) "Political subdivision" means any incorporated city or town or any county organized and having authority to adopt and enforce land use regulations.
- (15) "Responsible political subdivision" means a political subdivision that has enacted land use regulations in accordance with parts 1 through 4.
- (16) (a) "Watercourse" means any depression 2 feet or more below the surrounding land serving to give direction to a current of water at least 9 months of the year and having a bed and well-defined banks.
- (b) Upon order of the department, the term also includes any particular depression that would not otherwise be within the definition of watercourse."

Section 2. Section 76-5-201, MCA, is amended to read:

- "76-5-201. Program for delineation of flood plains and floodways. (1) The department shall initiate a comprehensive program for the delineation of designated flood plains and designated floodways for each watercourse and drainway in the state. It shall make a study relating to the acquiring of flood data and may enter into arrangements with the United States geological survey, the United States army corps of engineers, or any other state or federal agency for the acquisition of data.
 - (2) Before the department establishes by order a designated flood plain or a designated floodway, the



department shall consult with the affected political subdivisions. Consultation must include but is not limited to the following:

- (a) specifically requesting that the political subdivisions submit pertinent data concerning flood hazards, including flooding experiences, plans to avoid potential hazards, estimates of economic impacts of flooding on the community, both historical and prospective, and other data that is considered appropriate;
- (b) notifying local officials, including members of the county commission, city council, and planning board, of the progress of surveys, studies, and investigations and of proposed findings, along with information concerning data and methods employed in reaching conclusions; and
- (c) encouraging local dissemination of information concerning surveys, studies, and investigations so that interested persons will have an opportunity to bring relevant data to the attention of the department.
- (3) Nothing in this part precludes a political subdivision from designating by ordinance or resolution, without prior state designation, flood plains and floodways as designated by the United States federal emergency management agency and as necessary for compliance with the national flood insurance program if the department determines the designation is in compliance with parts 1 through 4 of this chapter."

Section 3. Saving clause. [This act] does not affect rights and duties that matured, penalties that were incurred, or proceedings that were begun before [the effective date of this act].

Section 4. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.

- END -



I hereby certify that the within bill,	
HB 0129, originated in the House.	
Chief Clerk of the House	
Speaker of the House	
Signed this	day
Signed this	0000
ot	, 2000.
President of the Senate	
Signed this	day
of	, 2009.



HOUSE BILL NO. 129

INTRODUCED BY D. GETZ

BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES AND CONSERVATION

AN ACT CLARIFYING THAT POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS MAY ADOPT FEDERAL FLOOD PLAIN MAPS TO COMPLY WITH THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM; AMENDING SECTIONS 76-5-103 AND 76-5-201, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE.